

Medicaid/CHIP Enrollment Procedures for Children

State	Program Type [1]	Enrollment Procedures for Children [2]				
		Joint Application	Face-to-Face Interview	Asset Test [3]	Administrative Verification of Income [4]	Presumptive Eligibility
Alabama	S-CHIP	Yes	No [5]	No	CHIP only	No
Alaska	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	No	No
Arizona	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	No	No
Arkansas	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	Yes	No
California	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	Yes [6]
Colorado	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Connecticut	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	Yes	Medicaid only
Delaware	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
District of Columbia	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	No	No
Florida	COMBO	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Georgia	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	No	No
Hawaii	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	Yes	No
Idaho	COMBO	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
Illinois	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	Yes [7]
Indiana	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
Iowa	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
Kansas	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	No	Yes [8]
Kentucky	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
Louisiana	COMBO	Yes	No	No	Yes	Enacted, Not Implemented
Maine	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
Maryland	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	Yes	No [9]
Massachusetts	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Michigan	COMBO	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
Minnesota	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	No	No
Mississippi	S-CHIP	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Missouri	COMBO	Yes	No	No [10]	No	Medicaid only [11]
Montana	S-CHIP	No [12]	No	\$15,000 in Medicaid only	CHIP only	No
Nebraska	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	No	No
Nevada	S-CHIP	No [12]	No	No	No	No
New Hampshire	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	Medicaid only
New Jersey	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
New Mexico	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	No	Yes
New York	S-CHIP	Yes	Medicaid only [13]	No	No	Yes
North Carolina	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
North Dakota	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
Ohio	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	No	No
Oklahoma	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	Yes	No
Oregon	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	No	No
Pennsylvania	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	No	No
Rhode Island	M-CHIP	N/A	No	No	No	No
South Carolina	COMBO	Yes	No	\$30,000	No	No
South Dakota	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
Tennessee	COMBO	No	Medicaid only [14]	No	CHIP only	No
Texas	S-CHIP	Yes	No	\$2,000 in Medicaid; \$10,000 in CHIP [15]	No	No
Utah	S-CHIP	Yes	No	\$3,025 in Medicaid only [16]	No	No
Vermont	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No [17]	Yes	No
Virginia	COMBO	Yes	No	No	No	No
Washington	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	No	No
West Virginia	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	No	No
Wisconsin	COMBO	N/A	No	No	No [18]	Yes [19]
Wyoming	S-CHIP	Yes	No	No	Yes	No



SOURCE: D. Cohen Ross & C. Marks, "Challenges of Providing Health Coverage for Children and Parents in a Recession," Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured, (January 2009); updated by the Center for Children and Families.

NOTES:

[1] Program type as approved by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, reported in V. Smith, et al., "CHIP Enrollment in June 2007: An Update on Current Enrollment and CHIP Policy Directions," Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured (January 2008), updated by the Center for Children and Families.

[2] Data as of October 2009 and information applies to both Medicaid and CHIP, if applicable, unless otherwise noted.

[3] Asset limits noted are for a family of three.

[4] In states with administrative verification, families do not have to provide verification of income, and such states generally verify this information by accessing data from other government agencies.

[5] In Alabama, a telephone interview is required in children's Medicaid.

[6] The presumptive eligibility process in California's CHIP program is available to families with income up to 200% FPL and is only available through the Child Health and Disability Prevention Program.

[7] Presumptive eligibility is not available in the state-funded expansion in Illinois, but is available in Medicaid and CHIP.

[8] In Kansas, presumptive eligibility is being piloted at three entities, but is expected to be expanded in 2009.

[9] In Maryland, there is an accelerated eligibility process that is available to children who already have an open case for other benefits. These children can receive up to three months of temporary eligibility pending a final eligibility determination.

[10] In Missouri, children in families with income above 150% of the FPL are subject to a "net worth" test of \$250,000.

[11] Children eligible for presumptive eligibility in Missouri must have gross family income at or below 150% of the FPL.

[12] In Montana and Nevada, families that use the CHIP application but are found to be eligible for Medicaid must complete a Medicaid addendum before eligibility can be determined.

[13] In New York, a contact with a community-based "facilitated enroller" meets the face-to-face interview requirement.

[14] In Tennessee, a face-to-face or telephone interview is required at application in children's Medicaid.

[15] Asset limit applies only to children in families above 150% FPL in Texas.

[16] In Utah, the asset limit applies only to children over age 6.

[17] In Vermont, there is an asset test for children's Medicaid and CHIP, however if the countable assets exceed the asset limit the children are eligible under the 1115 waiver which does not have an asset test.

[18] The Wisconsin application asks for income documentation, however, if it is not provided, the state will use databases to verify income administratively.

[19] Presumptive eligibility is available for newborns at or below 250% of the FPL, to children ages one to five with family income at or below 185% of the FPL, and to children ages six to 18 with family income at or below 150% of the FPL.