

Eligiblity Levels in Medicaid & CHIP¹ for Children, by State as of May 2010

State	Enacted Eligibility Levels	Implemented Eligibility Levels
Alabama	300%	300%
Alaska	175%	175%
Arizona	200%	200%
Arkansas [2]	250%	200%
California	250%	250%
Colorado	250%	250%
Connecticut	300%	300%
Delaware	200%	200%
District of Columbia	300%	300%
Florida	200%	200%
Georgia	235%	235%
Hawaii	300%	300%
Idaho	185%	185%
Illinois	300%	200% (no limit)
Indiana [3]	300%	250%
lowa	300%	300%
Kansas [4]	250%	241%
Kentucky	200%	200%
Louisiana [5]	300%	250%
Maine	200%	200%
Maryland	300%	300%
Massachusetts	300% (400+%)	300% (400+%)
Michigan	200%	200%
Minnesota	275%	275%
Mississippi	200%	200%
Missouri	300%	300%
Montana	250%	250%
Nebraska	200%	200%
Nevada	200%	200%
New Hampshire	300%	300%
New Jersey	350%	350%
New Mexico	235%	235%
New York	400%	400%



Updated: 5/18/10

State	Enacted Eligibility Levels	Implemented Eligibility Levels
North Carolina	250%	200%
North Dakota	160%	160%
Ohio [6]	300%	200%
Oklahoma [7]	300%	185%
Oregon	300%	300%
Pennsylvania	300%	300%
Rhode Island	250%	250%
South Carolina	200%	200%
South Dakota	200%	200%
Tennessee	250%	250%
Texas	200%	200%
Utah	200%	200%
Vermont	300%	300%
Virginia	200%	200%
Washington	300%	300%
West Virginia	300%	250%
Wisconsin	300%	250% (300%)
Wyoming	200%	200%

Source: D. Cohen Ross, *et al.*, "A Foundation for Health Reform," Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured (December 2009); updated by the Center for Children and Families.

Notes:

- 1: Eligibility levels reflect the highest income eligibility level in the state using federal Medicaid/CHIP funds, without regard to income disregards or deductions. Note that Illinois, Massachusetts, and Wisconsin provide state-financed coverage to children above Medicaid/CHIP levels; eligibility for state-funded coverage is shown in parentheses.
- 2: Arkansas planned on implementing its expansion on July 1, 2009. The state awaits CMS approval.
- 3: Due to the August 17th CMS directive, Indiana submitted a CHIP state plan amendment expanding to 250% FPL (gross income); CMS aproved the limited expansion on 5/9/08. Implementation to 250% began on October 1, 2008.
- 4: Note that the CHIP eligibility level is 250% of the 2008 FPL (or approximately 241% of the 2009 FPL).
- 5: Due to the August 17th CMS directive, Louisiana submitted a CHIP state plan amendment expanding to 250% FPL (gross income) with a 12-month waiting period; CMS approved the limited expansion on 2/27/08. Implementation to 250% began on May 1, 2008.
- 6: Ohio planned to implement its expansion on July 1, 2009; however, funding has not yet been secured.
- 7: Due to the August 17th CMS directive, Oklahoma submitted a waiver amendment expanding CHIP to 250% FPL; the amendment was never approved. Since the directive has been rescinded, the state has submitted a state plan amendment to expand through premium assistance to 300%.



Updated: 5/18/10