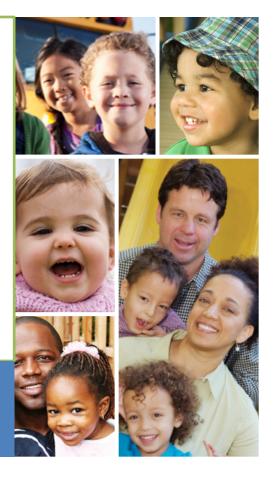
How States use Medicaid to Cover Key Infant and Early Childhood Mental Health Services: RESULTS OF A 50-STATE SURVEY (2018 UPDATE)

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NCCP

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Overview

- Updated 50-state survey of Medicaid policies affecting coverage, access, and quality of key IECMH services
- Earlier survey conducted in 2016 via Qualtrics
- Medicaid administrators asked to review and update responses and answer a few new questions
- Results include policies for 51 states
 - updated responses from 48 states plus DC
 - original responses from Arkansas and Ohio (revising policies)



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Child Screening

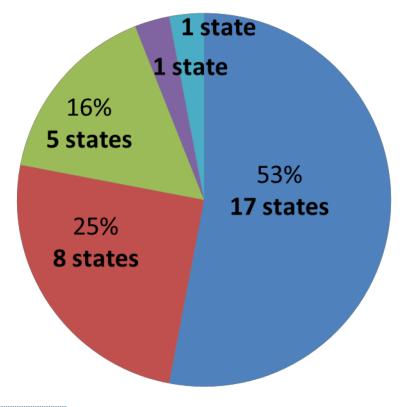
- 43 states (84 percent) reported that Medicaid covers socialemotional screening of young children with an SE tool
- Among states that cover social-emotional screening, 23 states (53 percent) reported having a separate CPT code



Parent Screening

32 states (63 percent) reported that Medicaid pays for maternal depression screening during pediatric or family medicine visits, under the child's Medicaid

Frequency Allowed



- As needed/medically necessary
- Up to 3 or 4 times until the child turns I year
- Within the child's first 6 months
- Up to 4 times per year until the child turns 2 years
- I screen for children under I year

Promoting Use of the DC:0–5 or DC:0–3R Diagnostic Classification System

Policy

- 13 states (25%) allow providers to use DC:0–5
- 5 states (10%) recommend that providers use DC:0–5
- 1 state (2%) requires providers to use DC:0–5 in order to receive reimbursement
- 30 states (59%) reported none of the above

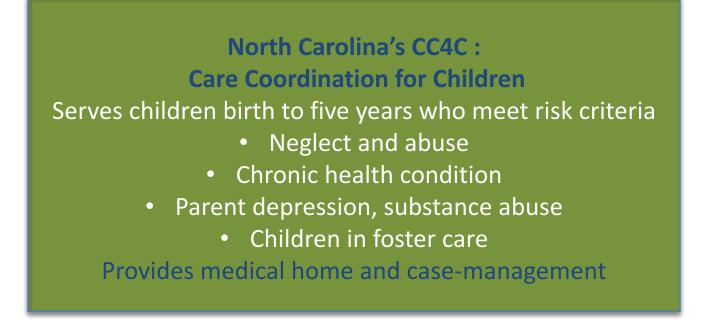
Supports for Using DC:0-5

 6 states (32%) developed a crosswalk between
DC:0–5 and ICD codes and/or other guidance
documents to support
providers' use of the
DC:0–5

 6 states (32%) support provider training in using the DC:0–5

Helping Families Connect with Services

9 states (18 percent) reported that Medicaid pays for a health navigator to help connect families to services when a child or parent has a positive screen: AZ, HI, NC, NM, NV, OR, RI, VT, & WY



IECMH Services in Primary Care Setting

- **47 states** (92 percent) -- Medicaid pays for a mental health clinician to address a child's mental health needs in a pediatric or family medicine setting
- Screening and diagnostic assessment -- 45 states (96 percent)
- Treatment -- 44 states (94 percent)
- Consultation with the parent about screen -- 26 states (55 percent)
- Parent guidance -- 24 states (51 percent)
- Consultation with another professional --13 states (28 percent)

IECMH Services in Early Care and Education Settings

- **35 states** (69 percent) -- Medicaid pays for an early childhood mental health specialist to address a child's mental health needs in ECE programs
- Screening, assessment, treatment 32 states (91 percent)
- **Consultation with parent -** 14 states (40 percent)
- Consultation with teachers about a child 13 states (37 percent)
- Consultation with teachers and program directors to strengthen SE practices: 0 states



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Dyadic Treatment



42 states (82 percent) -- Medicaid pays for dyadic (parent-child) treatment

- 11 states (26 percent) that cover dyadic treatment have a specific code for this treatment
- 12 states (29 percent) require providers to use an evidencebased dyadic treatment model
- 18 states (43 percent) offer treatment without a child's diagnosis when there are **family risk factors**, including parent depression

Parenting Programs Designed to Address Child Mental Health Needs

16 states (31 percent) -- Medicaid pays for parenting programs designed to help parents of young children promote children's social-emotional development and address child mental health needs

 Only 5 states, CO, ID, NV, OR, and WA, require providers to use an evidenced-based parenting program (e.g., Triple P, Incredible Years)



Summary



- A large number of states (35 to 50 states) report Medicaid coverage for 5 of the 7 IECMH
 - IECMH services in a pediatric/family medicine, home or early care and education setting
 - social-emotional screening of child
 - dyadic treatment
- Fewer states cover maternal depression screening and parenting programs (32 and 16 respectively)
 - Big increase in states covering MDS a rise from 11 states (22%) to 32 states (63%) in past two years

Summary cont.

- Only 6 states encourage or require the use of **DC:0–5**
- Only 9 states reported Medicaid coverage for a health navigator to assist families in connecting with appropriate services when a child or parent has a positive screen
- Fewer than one-third of the states that cover key IECMH services require the use of evidence-based practices or models
 - 12 of 42 states require the use of an evidence-based dyadic treatment model and 5 of 16 states require the use of an evidence-based parenting program

Using the Results

- Promote Medicaid coverage of key services and use of DC:0 5 where your state has gaps
- Promote requirements for evidence-based models/services
- Advocate for supporting implementation (e.g., training for providers to conduct MDS and make effective referrals)

Please look for full report soon on <u>www.nccp.org</u>

If you have questions, please contact: sheila.smith@nccp.org

Thank you!

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